

**AUDIT REPORT  
OF  
SEWARD COUNTY COURT**

**JULY 1, 2002 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2003**

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# SEWARD COUNTY COURT

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# SEWARD COUNTY COURT

## SUMMARY OF COMMENTS

During our audit of Seward County Court, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and other operational matters that are presented here. These comments and recommendations are intended to improve the internal control over financial reporting or result in operational efficiencies in the areas as follows:

- 1. *Segregation of Duties:*** One individual was capable of handling all phases of a transaction from beginning to end.
- 2. *Overdue Balances:*** One of five overdue case balances tested did not have follow-up action taken.

More detailed information on the above items is provided hereafter. It should be noted that this report is critical in nature since it contains only our comments and recommendations on the areas noted for improvement and does not include our observations on any strong features of the Court.

Draft copies of this report were furnished to the Court to provide them an opportunity to review the report and to respond to the comments and recommendations included in this report. All formal responses received have been incorporated into this report. Where no response has been included, the Court declined to respond. Responses have been objectively evaluated and recognized, as appropriate, in the report. Responses that indicate corrective action has been taken were not verified at this time, but will be verified in the next audit.

We appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended to our auditors during the course of the audit.

# SEWARD COUNTY COURT

## COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### 1. Segregation of Duties

Good internal control includes a plan of organization, procedures, and records designed to safeguard assets and provide reliable financial records. A system of internal control should include proper segregation of duties so no one individual is capable of handling all phases of a transaction from beginning to end.

We noted the office of the County Court had a lack of segregation of duties since one person was capable of handling all aspects of processing transactions from beginning to end. A lack of segregation of duties increases the risk of possible errors or irregularities. However, due to a limited number of personnel, an adequate segregation of duties is not possible without additional cost. Personnel are under the direction of both the Nebraska State Court Administrator and the Presiding Judge. We have noted this comment in previous audits.

We recommend the County Court and the Nebraska State Court Administrator review this situation. As always, the cost of hiring additional personnel versus the benefit of a proper segregation of duties must be weighed.

### 2. Overdue Balances

Good internal control requires monitoring and follow-up action of overdue case balances.

One of five overdue balances tested did not have follow-up action taken by the County Court to ensure resolution or collection of the overdue amounts. No one at the County Court reviewed the Overdue Case Account Report on a regular basis.

As of April 24, 2004, the County Court had \$52,477 in overdue case balances. Without monitoring overdue cases, there is an increased risk that balances due to the County Court may never be collected.

We recommend the County Court continually review overdue case balances and take whatever action is necessary to collect or resolve overdue balances.

*County Court's Response: Your report indicates that no one at our office reviewed the overdue case account report on a regular basis.*

*That statement is not accurate. The overdue report balances are printed weekly. They are reviewed by the clerk that handles the case type being reported. This is done on a minimum of a 2 week interval. We try to review it every week, but some weeks we just don't have enough time.*

# SEWARD COUNTY COURT

## COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

(Continued)

### 2. Overdue Balances (Concluded)

*County Court's Response, Concluded:*

*The case that was noted in the report had no action to take for collection. The defendant had been released from probation with an unsatisfactory discharge. We could not issue a warrant or issue a show cause. All that was left to do was to issue a non-monetary receipt indicating the unsatisfactory discharge. That part of the process doesn't take long. However, when we issue those receipts we pull the actual case file and indicate in the file that the amount has been determined uncollectible. We don't issue the receipts immediately upon the signing of the unsatisfactory discharge because some of the defendants have indicated to the county attorney and/or the probation officer that they will pay the balance due.*

*I don't believe that there were any amounts on the overdue account report that needed to have action taken for collection.*

**Auditors' Response:** The case noted had an unsatisfactory discharge issued by the Judge on December 27, 2002; the case was still listed on the Overdue Case Account Report as of April 24, 2004. We recommend the County Court resolve overdue balances in a timely manner.

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## SEWARD COUNTY COURT

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statement of Seward County Court as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, as listed in the Table of Contents. The financial statement is the responsibility of the Court's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statement was prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Also, as discussed in Note 1, the financial statement presents only the Court's Agency Funds activity and does not purport to, and does not, present fairly the assets, liabilities, and results of operations of Seward County Court for the year then ended in conformity with the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the assets and liabilities arising from cash transactions of the Agency Funds of Seward County Court as of June 30, 2003, and the related activity for the fiscal year then ended, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 27, 2004, on our consideration of Seward County Court's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

April 27, 2004

Pat Reding, CPA  
Assistant Deputy Auditor

SEWARD COUNTY COURT  
SEWARD, NEBRASKA  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**  
**ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS**  
**AGENCY FUNDS**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Balance July 1, 2002	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2003
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Cash and Deposits	\$ 139,086	\$ 830,524	\$ 852,333	\$ 117,277
<b>LIABILITIES</b>				
Due to State Treasurer:				
Regular Fees	\$ 13,355	\$ 154,333	\$ 154,630	\$ 13,058
Law Enforcement Fees	854	10,097	10,233	718
Interest	145	1,285	1,370	60
State Judges Retirement Fund	547	8,043	7,133	1,457
Automation Fees	-	25,029	22,545	2,484
Legal Services Fees	864	23,276	22,274	1,866
Due to County Treasurer:				
Regular Fines	29,456	342,952	343,680	28,728
Overload Fines	962	4,395	4,887	470
Regular Fees	1,429	26,447	25,918	1,958
Due to Municipalities:				
Regular Fines	190	6,268	5,436	1,022
Regular Fees	110	1,530	1,435	205
Trust Fund Payable	91,174	226,869	252,792	65,251
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 139,086</b>	<b>\$ 830,524</b>	<b>\$ 852,333</b>	<b>\$ 117,277</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.



**SEWARD COUNTY COURT**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT**  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

**1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**A. Reporting Entity**

The Seward County Court is established by State Statute and is administratively operated through the Court Administrator's Office of the Nebraska Supreme Court, which is part of the State of Nebraska reporting entity. The Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions of the County Court reflects only the Agency Funds activity of the Court; the receipts, and their subsequent disbursement to the appropriate entities for which they were collected. The financial statement does not reflect the personal services expenses of the Court, which are paid by the Nebraska Supreme Court, or the operating expenses, which are paid by Seward County.

**B. Basis of Accounting**

The accounting records of the County Court Agency Funds are maintained, and the Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions has been prepared, on the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, fines, fees, and receipts relating to trust funds are shown as additions to assets and as an increase in the related liability when received. Likewise, disbursements are shown as deductions to assets and a decrease in the related liability when a check is written. This differs from Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) which requires the accrual basis of accounting. Under GAAP, Agency Funds would be reported in the Statement of Net Assets. Agency Funds are not reported in the Statement of Changes of Fiduciary Net Assets. Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the reporting government in a purely custodial capacity. Agency Funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

**2. Deposits and Investments**

Funds held by the County Court are deposited and invested in accordance with rules issued by the Supreme Court as directed by Neb. Rev. Stat. Section 25-2713 R.R.S. 1995. Funds are generally consolidated in an interest-bearing checking account; however, the Court may order certain trust funds to be invested separately. Any deposits in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation are required by Neb. Rev. Stat. Section 77-2326.04 R.S.Supp., 2002 to be secured either by a surety bond or as provided in the Public Funds Deposit Security Act.

**SEWARD COUNTY COURT**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT**  
(Continued)

**2. Deposits and Investments (Concluded)**

The carrying amounts and bank balances of total deposits, consisting of checking accounts, savings accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit, were as follows:

	Total Cash and Deposit <u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Cash Amount</u>	Deposit <u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Bank Balance</u>
June 30, 2003	\$ 117,277	\$ 235	\$ 117,042	\$ 115,549

However, funds were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral securities pledged to the Court and held by a Federal Reserve Bank, or by a Bank or trust company in this State other than the depository bank, during the entire year.

# STATE OF NEBRASKA AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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## SEWARD COUNTY COURT REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

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We have audited the financial statement of Seward County Court as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated April 27, 2004. The report was modified to emphasize that the financial statement presents only the Agency Funds of Seward County Court prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Seward County Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Seward County Court's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable

condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Seward County Court's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statement. A reportable condition is described in the Comments Section of the report as Comment Number 1 (Segregation of Duties).

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the reportable condition described above is a material weakness. We also noted another matter involving internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to the management of Seward County Court in the Comments Section of the report as Comment Number 2 (Overdue Balances).

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Court, the appropriate Federal and regulatory agencies, and citizens of the State of Nebraska, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Pat Reding, CPA*

Assistant Deputy Auditor

April 27, 2004